Winter 2021/22 Review

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Consumer Planning & Insights

April 2022



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Objectives



To understand lag and lead indicators...



What did domestic travel look like in 2021 and in Winter look like?

• Explore how many took a domestic break, type of holiday taken, where they went.



Deep dive into city break behaviour over Winter – what can we learn?

• Explore Winter city break behaviours and motivations for taking them.

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How can we prepare for Summer?

• Explore potential macro factors influencing domestic and overseas travel in the Summer and their implications.

Primary research sources used



- 1. Fáilte Ireland's Domestic Tracker
 - Nationally representative sample of n=1,300 Island of Ireland (IOI) consumers interviewed monthly, online.
 - Broad content covering past travel behaviour, future travel intent, trip specifics.
 - Data used comes from the Nov 2021 March 2022 waves of data collection, with particular attention towards those who travelled domestically in the Winter Months (Nov 2021 – Feb 2022).
- 2. ReviewPro
 - A platform used to track guest experience across destinations through aggregating reviews and analysing feedback.

Further details including sample specifications located in the Appendix.



Key findings



Domestic tourism continues to build momentum

• Following a positive Summer, visitor numbers through Winter were significantly up from last year. There is building intent to travel within ROI for the upcoming Summer. However, broader developments do have the potential to impact travel plans.

Winter provided a welcomed opportunity to shift travel motivations and reconnect

- City breaks were a key component of domestic travel this Winter, with the capital receiving a large proportion of visitors. As
 restrictions eased, events became a bigger draw and city breaks offered an opportunity to reconnect and relax.
- Consumers enjoyed positive experiences at city attractions over the Winter months, with particular mention of the ambience, the quality of the tour guides, and food and drink. Couples were noteworthy in online reviews during the period, visiting attractions while enjoying some time out, the chance to relax and unwind, and to enjoy the atmosphere of the city.

Consumers are increasingly committing to overseas travel

The proportion of overseas trip takers have been increasing as have intentions for summer trips this year. Commitment to
these trips is strong with substitution into domestic trips low (in the case of adverse economic, political, or health
developments).

Section 1

Setting the scene Winter 2021







Clear distinction between early and late Winter in terms of influencing factors





EARLY WINTER (Nov – Dec)



LATE WINTER (Jan - Feb)



END WINTER (End Feb)

Additional restrictions.

Omicron discovery \rightarrow main variant of concern.

Vaccine booster roll out.

Fewer hospitalisations, despite huge spike in numbers.

Lifting of restrictions, social distancing and mask wearing.

Rising cost of living.

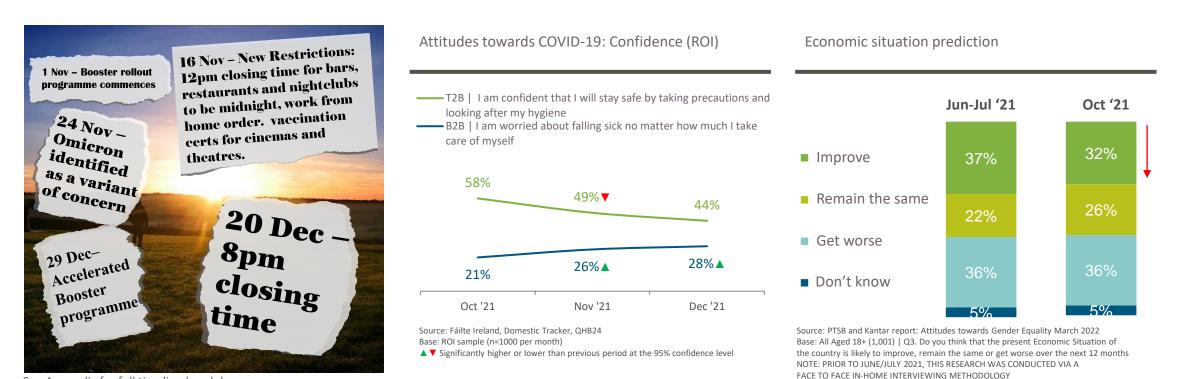
Russia invades Ukraine.



Increased concern during early winter, with travel restrictions limiting tourism and hospitality



Early Winter (Nov - Dec)



See Appendix for full timeline breakdown.

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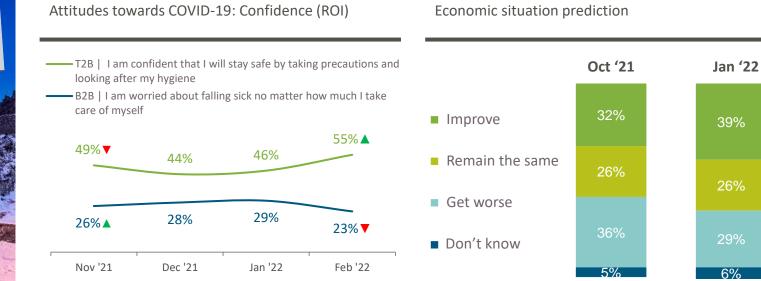


Easing of restrictions meant a significant increase in confidence and economic outlook



Late Winter (Jan - Feb)





Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker, QHB24

Base: ROI sample (n=1000 per month)

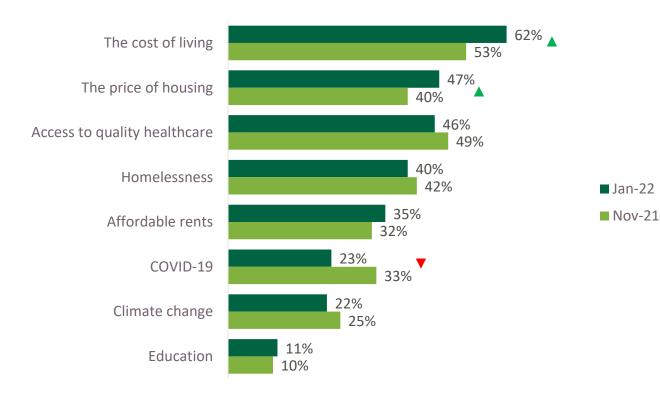
▲ ▼ Significantly higher or lower than previous period at the 95% confidence level

Source: PTSB and Kantar report: Attitudes towards Gender Equality March 2022 Base: All Aged 18+ (1,001) | Q3. Do you think that the present Economic Situation of the country is likely to improve, remain the same or get worse over the next 12 months NOTE: PRIOR TO JUNE/JULY 2021, THIS RESEARCH WAS CONDUCTED VIA A FACE TO FACE IN-HOME INTERVIEWING METHODOLOGY



Clear shift in priorities/concerns from COVID-19 to the rising cost of living

Main concerns of Irish consumers



Prices on average, as measured by the CPI, were 6.7% higher in March compared with March 2021.

Fáilte

reland

Main drivers of inflation include transport, housing and fuel.

Electricity prices were up 260% in 2021 compared to 2020.

Source: PTSB and Kantar report: Attitudes towards Gender Equality March 2022 Base: All Aged 18+ (n=1,001)

▲ ▼ Significantly higher or lower than previous period at the 95% confidence level

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Section 2

Winter 2021/22

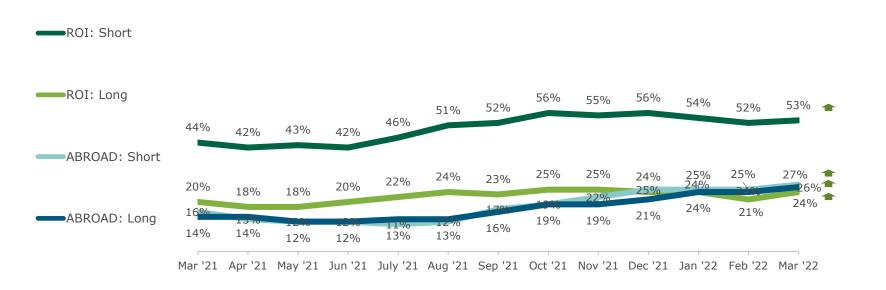






The proportion of ROI trip takers increased progressively through 2021

Proportion taking trips in past 12 months



ROI SHORT TRIPS – P12M							
2019	2020	2021					
57%	53%	54%					
ROI LONG TRIPS – P12M							
ROI LO	ONG TRIPS –	P12M					
ROI L0 2019	ONG TRIPS – 2020	P12M 2021					

ABROAD SHORT TRIPS – P12M								
2019	2020	2021						
57%	31%	25%						
ABROAD LONG TRIPS – P12M								
ABROAD	DLONG TRIPS	– P12M						
ABROAD	LONG TRIPS	– P12M 2021						

Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker Base: Total sample (n=1300 per month)



Significant Increase: year-on-year Significant Increase: month-on-month Significant Decrease: year-on-year

Significant Decrease : month-on-month





Growth into 2022 was promising with trips into the shoulder season much higher



Month of ROI travel – 2020 vs 2021







went on a 1+ night trip in ROI between November 2021 and February 2022 (vs. 21% same period last year).

As of October 2021, 31% intended on taking a short trip in ROI within the upcoming Winter period (90% conversion ratio).

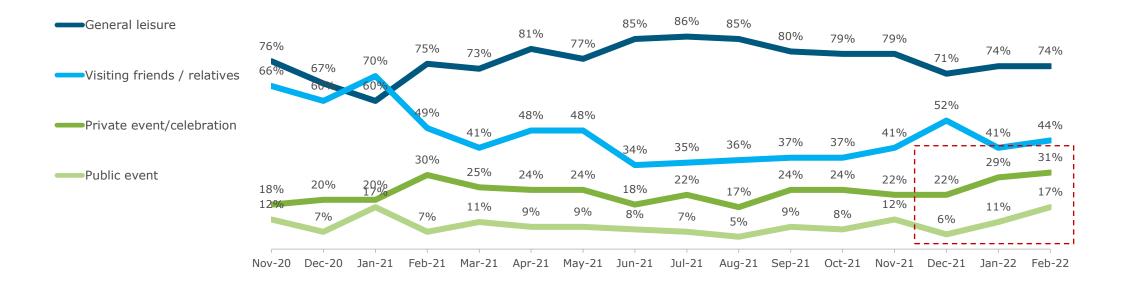
Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker Base: Total sample (n=1300 per month)



Events helped support higher travel into 2022 – consumers are exiting COVID-19 mindsets

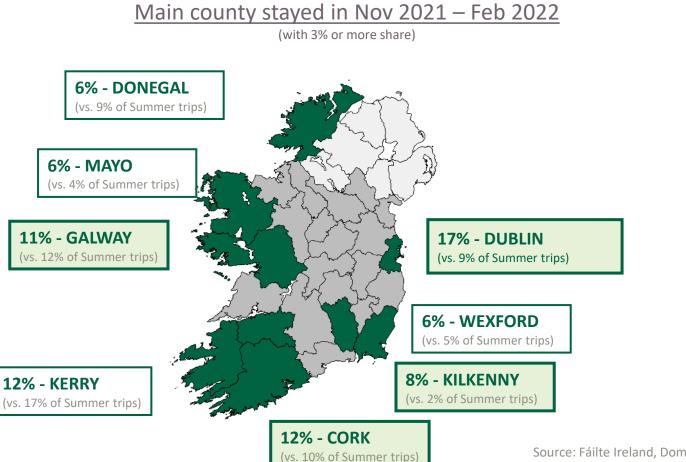


Reasons for ROI travel





City destinations draw significantly more consumers as travel motivations shift





Trip lengths shorten over winter. General leisure trips over winter were on average one day shorter than those in summer (3 versus 4 days)



Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker, March 2022

Base: Those taking a break in ROI in the months of Nov-Feb (n=284)/in Summer months (n=648)

Section 3

Winter City Breaks







Important for cities to deliver on key motivations and Ireland highlight pull factors to entice potential city breakers

Big city buzz, spontaneity



Authenticity and comfort that come from localness



Cosmopolitan food



Consumers value the authenticity of local and familiar, the vibrancy of big city life and urban proximity to nature.

Formal culture; museums and architecture



Proximity to nature and other attractions



Variety of modern and traditional culture



Key motivations are discovery, **reconnection** and contrast (vibrancy and atmosphere). While the critical benefits are convenience and a stress-free experience.



City breaks are key for domestic travel in Winter – adult focused and driven by younger cohorts



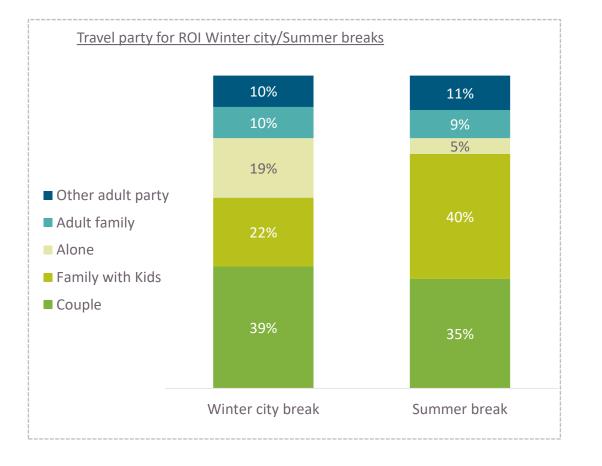
24%

Claimed to have gone on a 1+ night city break during the Winter Months (Nov 21 – Feb 22)

"A city break is a short holiday or weekend break spent in and staying in a city, whilst engaging in activities in or around the city centre."

City breaks make up a considerable proportion of Winter breaks – driven largely by **younger cohorts**.

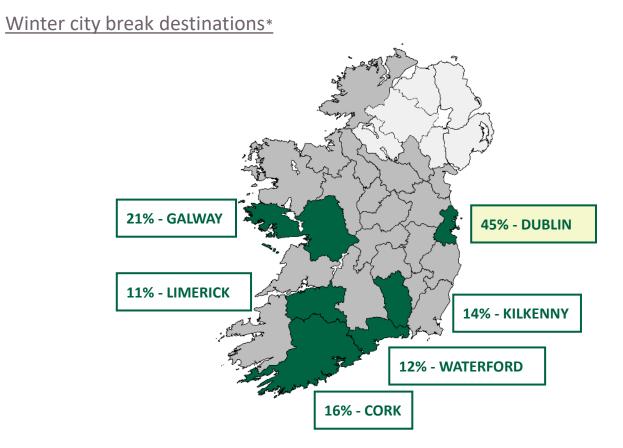
Less than half (46%) of those with kids brought them on their city break. Equivalent figure for Summer breaks is 73%.







To encourage visitations, cities outside the capital must deliver on city break motivations while playing to their strengths





*Percentages don't add to 100% as some consumers could have went on multiple city breaks over the Winter period

Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker March 2022 Base: Those who went on a Winter City Break (n=312)





Closeness to a city plays an important role in destination decision

City stayed in by region of residence*

		Place of Residence					
	Total	Dublin	Rest Leinster	Munster	Connaught – Ulster	Northern Ireland	
Dublin	45%	49%	48%	23%	46%	60%	
Galway	21%	20%	21%	14%	49%	14%	
Cork	16%	11%	13%	27%	5%	21%	
Kilkenny	14%	14%	21%	15%	5%	10%	
Waterford	12%	8%	18%	15%	3%	12%	
Limerick	11%	12%	4%	21%	3%	10%	
Any ROI City Break (total sample)	24%	31%	22%	30%	24%	16%	

Those living in Dublin and Munster were most likely to have gone on a Winter city break.

NI consumers confining themselves mostly to the capital.

Draw on city break motivations and leverage a city's uniqueness to encourage consumers travel further

Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker March 2022 Base: Those who went on a Winter City Break (n=312)





Attending events and reconnecting with people were key motivations for taking city breaks this Winter



Type of Winter city break taken

Top reasons taking Winter city breaks in ROI



Important to understand the multiplicity of motivations driving city breaks



This Winter may have been the first opportunity for many to reconnect with friends and family after two years of living through the pandemic, and so the social aspect was the main focus.

This came out in different ways, through time out, through relaxed and unhurried moments with loved ones, reunions at lively events, or just experiencing being in a different social setting and 'buzz' that that it generates.

Top reasons for taking Winter city breaks in ROI



Those attending an **event on their city break** were more likely to be motivated by the **opportunity to reconnect** with friends and have a cultural experience.

Relaxation



Those travelling for **mainly leisure reasons** more motivated by the chance to **relax and unwind** and escape from it all.



Creating opportunities/spaces and events to cater for reconnection is key in encouraging city breaks



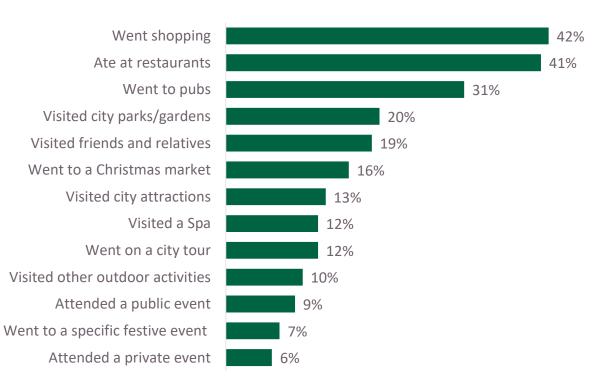
Highlight of Winter city break



"Meeting people I love that I haven't seen since the start of the pandemic"

"Being able to go stay in hotel after covid"

What activities did you do on your Winter city break?



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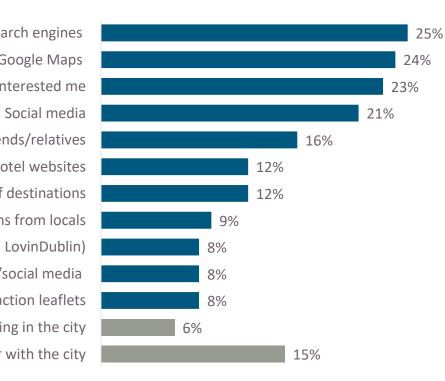
Online sources are most consulted; consumers need easy to find digestible info on what to do/see



In-situ information sources on what to do/see

Information from search engines Google Maps I walked around the city to see what interested me

WOM recommendations from friends/relatives Accommodation provider/ hotel websites Websites providing reviews of destinations Word of mouth recommendations from locals Local event websites (e.g. LovinDublin) Official tourist organisation websites/social media Accommodation provider/ hotel attraction leaflets Already planned prior to arriving in the city I was already familiar with the city



62%

Used online sources to find info on what to do/see after arriving at their destination



Insights into the city experience



ReviewPro was used to gauge visitor experience of attractions in city over the Winter months.

- ReviewPro is a Destination Experience Tracking Platform. It measures guest experiences by aggregating hundreds of reviews from online review sites and social media platforms.
 - This allows it to provide us with Industry Standard Reputation Scores, such as The Global Review Index and Sentiment Analysis.

Reviews were looked at from visitors from all destinations, and using all languages.

- This consisted of analysing reviews for 63 city centre attractions across Dublin, Cork, Galway, Waterford, Kilkenny and Limerick, at a total of 8,321 reviews.
- The GRI for this period was 93% and 62% of reviews were left by visitors on a couple's trip.





COVID-19 less of an issue while indoor attractions featured more compared to the Summer months



COVID-19 was less of a negative factor influencing Winter city break experiences

The pandemic and the accompanying restrictions and closures were referenced often in relation to Summer breaks.



The most positively reviewed attractions were heavily indoor focused.

Gardens came through as a prominent desired feature in Summer with people spending more time outside during the nicer weather.





Positives for city attraction experiences included the ambiance, tour guides, and food and drink





Covid-19 was less of a deterrent in taking trips, but continued area closures impacted visitor experience



Negative reviews left by consumers visiting Dublin attractions during the Winter months

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"Indoor café, kids playground and lots of exhibits were closed. They say it takes 5 hours to go through, but it took us only 2"

"

"It's a shame we couldn't visit the chapel or any other area as well, to do with Covid restrictions"

"The testing areas along the tour were sadly closed due to Covid, so we were deprived of that experience" Section 4

Travel in 2022



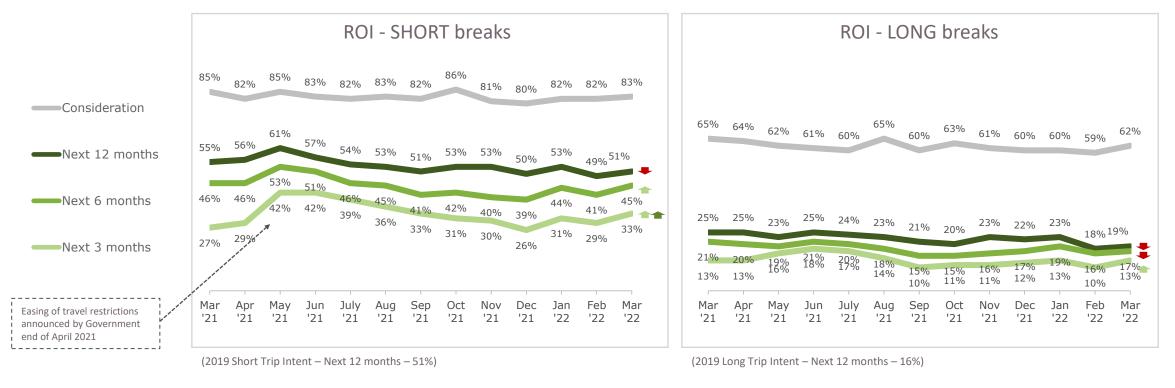




Fáilte Ireland

Increases in ROI short break intent shows promise for the domestic summer season

Travel Intent - ROI



Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker Base: Total sample (n=1300 per month)

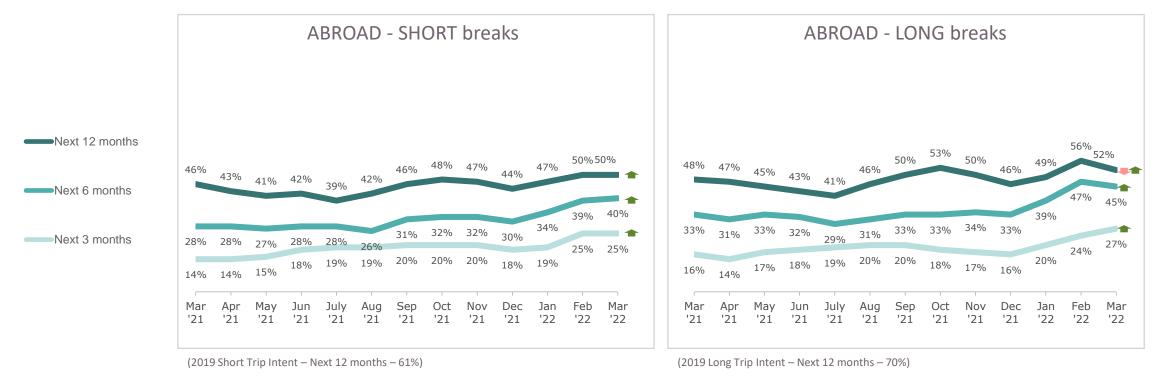
- Significant Increase: year-on-year
- Significant Increase: month-on-month
- Significant Decrease: year-on-year
- Significant Decrease : month-on-month





However, there is clear focus on travelling abroad over the summer months as well

Travel Intent - ABROAD



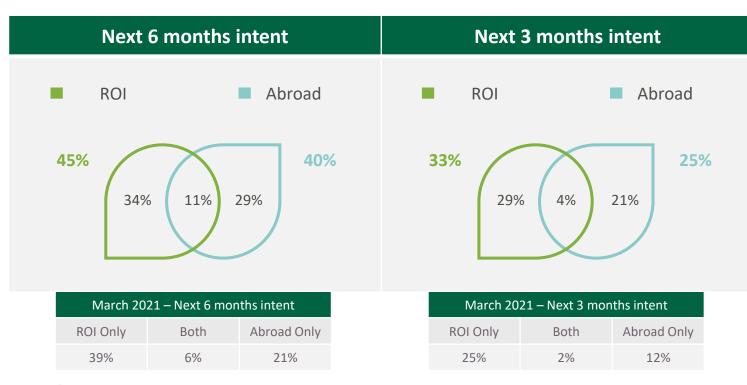
Source: Fáilte Ireland, Domestic Tracker Base: Total sample (n=1300 per month)

- Significant Increase: year-on-year
- Significant Increase: month-on-month
- Significant Decrease: year-on-year
- Significant Decrease : month-on-month



Increasingly, consumers are only considering travelling abroad





Solus intent to travel abroad (within the next 3 months) has increased 9pp year-on-year, to 21%.

The solus travel group is being fed by those who did not travel last year, but also by those who took domestic breaks last year.

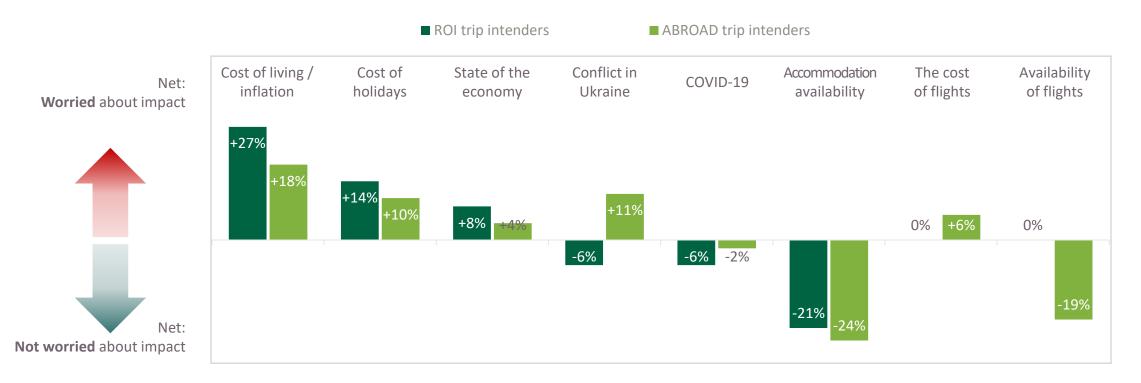






Increasing costs are of greater concern to domestic travellers, who are more sensitive to such impacts

Concerns which could impact travel decisions

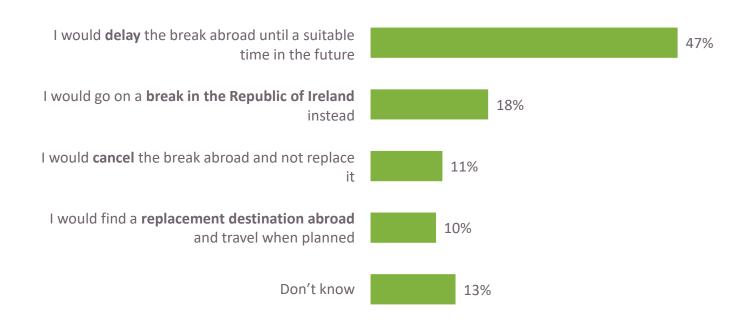




Commitment to travel abroad is particularly strong, even in the event of increasing adversity



Claimed impact on abroad travel plans if Ukraine war concern worsens



Thank you

Consumer Planning & Insights

April 2021



Terms and conditions



The following terms are used throughout the report

- <u>Penetration</u> the proportion of the population taking a trip within a region in a specified time period
- <u>Intent</u> the proportion of the population intending to take a trip within a region in a specified time period.
- <u>Lifestage segments</u> demographic groups comprising of:
 - FAMILIES respondents with dependent children under the age of 18 within the household
 - YOUNGER UNCONSTAINED ADULTS adults under 45 years old with no dependent children in the household.
 - OLDER UNCONSTAINED ADULTS adults 45 years and older with no dependent children in the household.
- <u>Short breaks</u> a trip away from home for between 1 3 nights
- <u>Long breaks</u> a trip away from home for 4+ nights

All data presented is IOI (Island of Ireland), comprising of respondents from both ROI and NI, unless otherwise stated. Limited comparisons with 2019 and 2020 can be made due to questionnaire/programme changes, but are noted where possible.